

M. C. E. Society's Abeda Inamdar Senior College Of Arts, Science and Commerce, Camp, Pune-1 (Autonomous) Affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University NAAC accredited 'A' Grade

### Title of the Course: M.Sc. (Computer Science)

### **Objectives of Course:**

Sr. No.	Objective
1.	To provide advanced and in-depth knowledge of computer science and its applications.
2.	To prepare Post Graduates who will achieve peer-recognition; as an individual or in a team; through demonstration of good analytical, design and implementation skills.
3.	To enable students pursue a professional career in Information and Communication Technology in related industry, business and research.
4.	To impact professional knowledge and practical skills to the students.

# Program specific Outcome

Sr. No.	Objective
1.	Provides technology-oriented students with the knowledge and ability to
	develop creative solutions
2.	Develop skills to learn new technology.
3.	Apply computer science theory and software development concepts to construct computing-based solutions.
4.	Design and develop computer programs/computer-based systems in the areas related to algorithms, networking, web design, cloud computing, Artificial Intelligence, Mobile applications.
5.	An understanding of professional, ethical, legal, security, and social issues and responsibilities for the computing profession.



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### M. Sc. Computer Science-I

### (CBCS – Autonomy 21 Pattern)

Course/ Paper Title	Paradigm of Programming Language
Course Code	21SMCS111
Semester	Ι
No. of Credits	4

### Aims & Objectives of the Course

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	To Prepare student to think about programming languages analytically
2.	Separate syntax from semantics
3.	Compare programming language designs, understand their strengths and weaknesses
4.	Learn new languages more quickly
5.	Understand basic language implementation techniques
6.	Learn small programs in different programming Languages

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Students will acquire thinking of different programming language.
2.	Students will become aware of basic language implementation techniques
3.	Students will understand the Significance of learning new programming
	language.

		No. of
Unit No	Title with Contents	Lectures
TT •4 T		0.4
Unit I	Introduction	04
	1. The Art of Language Design	02
	2. The Programming Language Spectrum	
	3. Why Study Programming Languages?	02
	4. Compilation and Interpretation	02
	5. Programming Environments	
Unit II	Names ,Scopes ,and Bindings	08
	1. The Notion of Binding Time	01
	2. Object Lifetime and Storage Management	01
	3. Static Allocation, Stack-Based Allocation, Heap-Based	02
	Allocation, Garbage CollectionScopeRules	02
	4. Static Scoping, Nested Subroutines, Declaration Order,	02
	Dynamic Scoping The meaning of Names in a Scope	
	5. Aliases, Overloading, Polymorphism and Related Concepts, the	
	Binding of Referencing Environments	
	0. Subroutine Closures, First-Class Values and Omminted Extent,	02
	Object Closures MacroExpansion	
Unit III	Control Flow	05
	1. Expression Evaluation . Precedence and Associativity.	02
	Assignments, Initialization, Ordering Within Expressions, Short-	-
	Circuit Evaluation	
	2. Structured and Unstructured Flow, Structured Alternatives to go-	00
	to sequencing	02
	3. Selection - Short-Circuited Conditions, Case/Switch	
	Statements Iteration	
	4. Iterators Logically Controlled Loops Pacursion	
	5 Recursion- Iteration and Recursion Applicative-and Normal-Order	01
	Evaluation	01
Unit IV	Data Types	10
	1. Introduction	02
	2. Primitive Data Types	
	3. Numeric Types : Integer, Floating point, Complex, Decimal,	

	Boolean Types, Character Types	
	4. Character String Types	
	5. Design Issues, Strings and Their Operations, String Length	
	Operations, Evaluation, Implementation of Character String	02
	Types	
	6. User defined Ordinal types Enumeration types, Designs Evaluation	02
	Sub range types, Ada's design Evaluation Implementation of user	02
	defined ordinal types	
	7. Array types	02
	8. Design issues, Arrays and indices, Subscript bindings and array	
	categories, Heterogeneous arrays, Array initialization, Array	
	operations, Rectangular and Jagged arrays, Slices, Evaluation,	
	Implementation of Array Types	
	9. Associative Arrays	
	10. Structure and operations, Implementing associative arrays,	
	11. Record types	
	12. Definitions of records, References to record fields, Operations	
	on records, Evaluation, Implementation of Record types	
	13. Union Types	
	14. Design issues, Discriminated versus Freeunions, Evaluation,	
	Implementation of Union types	
	15. Pointer and Reference Types	
	16. Design issues, Pointer operations, Pointer problems, Dangling	02
	pointers, Lost heap dynamic variables, Pointers in C and C++,	
	Reference types, Evaluation	
	17. Implementation of pointer and reference types	
	18. Representation of pointers and references Solution to dangling	
	pointer problem Heap management	
Unit V	Subprograms and Implementing Subprograms	05
	1. Introduction	02
	2. Fundamentals of Subprograms	
	3 Design Issues for subprograms	
	4 Local Referencing Environments	
	5 Parameter-Passing Methods	
	6 Parameters That Are Subprograms	
	7 Overloaded Subprograms	
	8 Generic Subroutines Generic Functions in C++	
	9 Design Issues for Functions	
	10 User-Defined Overloaded Operators	03
	11 Coroutines	
	12 Implementing Subprograms	
	12. The Concred Sementics of Colls and Deturns	
	13. The General Semanues of Calls and Keturns	
	14. Implementing Simple Subprograms	
	15. Implementing Subprograms with Stack-Dynamic Local	
	v anables	

	16. Nested Subprograms	
	17. Blocks	
	18. Implementing Dynamic Scoping	
Unit VI	Data Abstraction and Object Orientation	08
	1. Object-Oriented Programming	01
	2. Encapsulation and Inheritance	02
	Modules, Classes, Nesting(Inner Classes), Type Extensions,	
	Extending without Inheritance	
	3. Initialization and Finalization	03
	Choosing a Constructor, References and Values, Execution	00
	Order, Garbage Collection	
	4. Dynamic Method Binding	
	5. Virtual- and Non-Virtual Methods, Abstract Classes, Member	
	Lookup, Polymorphism, Object Closures	01
	6. Multiple Inheritance	01
	/. Semantic Ambiguities, Replicated Inheritance, Shared Inheritance,	01
Unit VII		05
	Concurrency	05
	1. Introduction : Multiprocessor Architecture Categories of	02
	concurrency, Motivations for studying concurrency	02
	2. Introduction to Subprogram-level, concurrency Fundamental	02
	2 Samanhana, Introduction Cooperation synchronization	
	5. Semaphores - Introduction Cooperation Synchronization,	01
	Competition Synchronization, Evaluation	
Unit VIII	Functional Programming in Scala	15
	1. Introduction to Scala	05
	2. Scala Data type	
	3. Scala variables	
	4. Scala operators and ControlStructures	05
	5. Scala Classes and objects	
	6. Scala Function	
	7. Array	05
	8. Scala Collection(List,Set,Map)	
	9. Scala as FunctionalProgramming	
	i. Function call by name	
	11. Anonymous Function	
	111. Higher order function	

### **References:**

- 1. Programming Language Pragmatics, 3e, Michel L. Scott, Kaufmann Publishers, An Imprint of Elsevier, USA
- 2. Concepts of Programming Languages, Eighth Edition, Robert W. Sebesta, Pearson Education

3. Scala Cookbook, Alvin Alexander, O'REILLY publication

Course/ Paper Title	Design and Analysis of Algorithm
Course Code	21SMCS112
Semester	Ι
No. of Credits	4

### Aims & Objectives of the Course

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	To prepare students to design the algorithms analysis of algorithms
2.	To select the appropriate algorithm by doing necessary
3.	To learn basic Algorithm Analysis techniques and understand the use of asymptotic notation
4.	Understand different design strategies
5.	Understand the use of data structures in improving algorithm performance
6.	Understand classical problem and solutions and classification of problems
7.	To provide foundation in algorithm design and analysis
8.	To develop ability to understand and design algorithms in context of space and time complexity.

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Students will know different design strategies of designing an algorithm
2.	Students will understand how data structure will be used in improving performances of an algorithm
3.	Students will understand the calculation of time and space complexity.
4.	Students will aware of classical problem and solutions and classification of problems

<b>T</b> T <b>1</b> / <b>N</b> T	Title with Contents	No. of
Unit No		Lectures
Unit I	Basics of Algorithms	06
	1. Algorithm definition and characteristics	
	2. Space complexity	02
	3. Time complexity, worst case-bestcase-average case	02
	4. complexity, asymptotic notation	00
	5. Recursive and non-recursive algorithms	02
Unit II	Divide and conquer strategy	08
	1. General method, control abstraction	02
	2. Binary search	02
	3. Merge sort, Quicksort	
	4. Comparison between Traditional Method of Matrix	02
	Multiplication vs. Strassen's Matrix Multiplication	
Unit III	Greedy Method	08
	1. Knapsack problem	02
	2. Job sequencing with deadlines,	00
	3. Minimum-cost spanning trees: Kruskal and Prim's algorithm	02
	4. Optimal storage on tapes	
	5. Optimal merge patterns	00
	6. Huffman coding	02
	7. Shortest Path :Dijkstra's Algorithm	02
Unit IV	Dynamic Programming	10
	1. Principle of optimality	
	2. Matrix chain multiplication	02
	3. 0/1 Knapsack Problem	04
	i. Merge & Purge	
	ii. Functional Method	
	4. Bellman Ford Algorithm	02
	5. All pairs Shortest Path Floyd	02

	Warshall Algorithm	
	6. Longest common subsequence,	02
	7. String editing, Travelling Sales person problem	
Unit V	Decrease and Conquer	0
Omt v	Decrease and Conquer	0
	1. Definition of Graph, Representation of Graph	01
	2. By Constant - DFS and BFS	02
	3. Topological sorting	01
	4. Connected components and spanning trees	01
	5. By Variable Size decrease Euclid's algorithm	02
	6. Articulation Point and Bridges	01
Unit VI	Backtracking	8
	1. General method	01
	2. Fixed Tuple vs. Variable Tuple Formulation	02
	3. n- Queen's problem	02
	4. Graph coloring problem	01
	5. Hamiltonian cycle	01
	6. Sum of subsets	01
Unit VII	Branch and Bound	8
	1. Introduction	01
	2. FIFO BB Search, LIFO Search	02
	3. Definitions of LCBB Search	01
	4. Bounding Function, Ranking Function	02
	5. Traveling Salesman problem Using Variable tuple	01
	6. Formulation using LCBB	01
	7. 0/1 knapsack problem using LCBB	
Unit VIII	Problem Classification	4
	1. Non deterministic algorithm	02
	2. The class of P, NP, NP-hard and NP - Complete problems	02

### **References:**

- 1. Computer algorithms, Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni & Sangu the var Rajasekaran, Galgotia Publication
- 2. Algorithms, T. Cormen, C. Leiserson, & R. Rivest, , MIT Press
- **3.** The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms, A. Aho, J. Hopcroft& J. Ullman, Addison Wesley
- 4. The Art of Computer Programming, Donald Knuth, Addison Wesley
- 5. The Algorithm Manual, Steven Skiena, Springer
- 6. Graphs, Networks and Algorithms, Jungnickel, Springer

Course/ Paper Title	NoSQL Database Technologies
Course Code	21SMCS113
Semester	Ι
No. of Credits	4

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	Provide an overview of the concept of NoSQL technology.
2.	Provide an insight to the different types of NoSQL databases
3.	Make the student capable of making a choice of what database technologies to use, based on their application needs.

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Student will know almost all concepts of NoSQL
2.	Student will able to compare various types of NoSQL databases.
3.	Student will able to decide what database technology to use for particular application.

Unit No	Title with Contents	No. of Lectures
Unit I	Introduction to NOSQL (Core concepts)	20
	1. Why NoSQL	
	2. Aggregate Data Models	
	3. Data modeling details	
	4. Distribution Models	
	5. Consistency	
	6. Version stamps	
	7. Map-Reduce	
Unit II	Implementation with NOSQL databases	16
	<ol> <li>Key-Value Databases (Risk)</li> <li>Document Databases (Mongodb)</li> <li>Column-Family stores(Cassandra)</li> <li>Graph databases (Neo4j)</li> </ol>	
Unit III	Schema Migrations	7
Unit IV	Poly got Persistence (Multi model types)	7
Unit V	Beyond NoSQL	5
Unit VI	Choosing your database	5

### **References:**

- NoSQL Distilled, Pramod Sadalge, Martin Fowler
   NoSQL for Dummies, A Willy Brand
- 3. <u>http://nosql-database.org</u>

Course/ Paper Title	Cloud Computing
Course Code	21SMCS114A
Semester	Ι
No. of Credits	2

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	To understand the principles and paradigm of Cloud Computing
2.	To appreciate the role of Virtualization Technologies
3.	Ability to design and deploy Cloud Infrastructure
4.	Understand cloud security issues and solutions

### **Expected Course Specific Learning Outcome**

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Student will know about basics of Cloud Computing
2.	Student will be aware of role of Virtualization Technologies
3.	Student will understand security issues and solutions

Unit No	Title with Contents	No. of Lectures
Unit I	Introduction to Cloud Computing	8
	<ol> <li>Overview, Layers and Types of Cloud,</li> <li>Desired Features of a Cloud</li> <li>Benefits and Disadvantages of Cloud Computing</li> <li>Cloud Infrastructure Management</li> <li>Infrastructure as a Service Providers</li> <li>Platform as a Service Providers</li> <li>Multitenant Technology.</li> </ol>	

	<ul> <li>2. Cloud-Enabling Technology:</li> <li>i. Broadband Networks and Internet Architecture</li> </ul>	
	ii. Data Center Technology,	
	3 Infrastructure as a Service	
	<ol> <li>Platform as a Service</li> </ol>	
	5. Software as a Service	
	6. Cloud Deployment Models.	
Unit II	Abstraction and Virtualization	7
	<ol> <li>Introduction to Virtualization Technologies</li> <li>Load Balancing and Virtualization</li> <li>Understanding Hyper visors</li> <li>Virtual Machines Provisioning and Manageability Virtual Machine Migration Services</li> <li>Provisioning in the Cloud Context Virtualization of CPU, Memory , I/O Devices, Virtual Clusters and Resource management</li> </ol>	
Unit III	Programming, Environments and Applications	8
	<ol> <li>Features of Cloud and Grid Platforms</li> <li>Programming Support of Google App Engine</li> <li>Programming on Amazon AWS and Microsoft Azure</li> <li>Emerging Cloud Software Environments,</li> <li>Applications:         <ol> <li>Moving application tocloud,</li> <li>Microsoft Cloud Services- introduction to SLA and Cloud pricing,</li> <li>Google Cloud Applications,</li> <li>Amazon Cloud Services,</li> <li>Cloud Applications.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	-
Unit IV	Security In The Cloud	7
	1. Security Overview – Cloud Security Challenges and Risks	
	3. Risk Management – Security Monitoring	
	4. Security Architecture Design	
	i. Data Security	
	11. Application Security	
	5. Identity Management and Access Control	
	6. Disaster Recovery in Clouds.	

#### **References:**

- 1. Cloud Computing: Technologies and Strategies of the Ubiquitous Data Center, Brian J.S. Chee and Curtis Franklin, CRC Press, ISBN : 9781439806128
- Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. ThamaraiSelvi, Mastering Cloud Computing: Foundations and Applications Programming, McGraw Hill, ISBN: 978 1259029950, 1259029956
- 3. Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things, Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C Fox, Jack G Dongarra, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012.

Course/ Paper Title	Cloud Computing Practical
Course Code	21SMCS115A
Semester	Ι
No. of Credits	2

#### Aims & Objectives of the Course

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	To understand basic cloud computing concepts.
2.	To understand implementation of AWS
3.	To understand implementation of MS-Azure

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Students will know basics of cloud computing.
2.	Students will able to implement cloud using AWS
3.	Students will able to implement cloud using MS-Azure

Unit No	Title with Contents	No. of Practical Sessions
Unit I	<ul> <li>Working and Implementation of Infrastructure as a service. (AWS)</li> <li>Working and Implementation of Software as a service</li> <li>Working and Implementation of Platform as a service. (Azure)</li> <li>Practical Implementation of Storage as a Service using GCP provider</li> <li>Working of Google drive to make spreadsheet and notes.</li> <li>Working and Implementation of identity management.</li> <li>Write a program for web feed.</li> <li>Execute the step to Demonstrate and implementation of cloud on single sign on.</li> <li>Practical Implementation of cloud security.</li> <li>Installing and Developing Application Using Google App Engine.</li> <li>Implement VM WARE ESXi Server</li> <li>Using Open Nebula to manage heterogeneous distributed data center Infrastructure.</li> <li>Implementation of Cloud Failure Cluster.</li> <li>Managing and working of cloud Xen server.</li> <li>Working with Aneka and demonstrate how to Managing cloud computing Resources.</li> <li>Installation and configuration of cloud Hadoop and demonstrate simple query.</li> <li>Create a sample mobile application using Amazon Web Service (AWS) account as a cloud service. Also provide database connectivity with implemented mobile application.</li> </ul>	15

Course/ Paper Title	Artificial Intelligence
Course Code	21SMCS114B
Semester	Ι
No. of Credits	2

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	To learn various types of algorithms useful in Artificial Intelligence (AI).
2.	To convey the ideas in AI research and programming language related to emerging technology.
3.	To understand the numerous applications and huge possibilities

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Student will learn various types of algorithms useful in Artificial
	Intelligence (AI).
2.	Student will be aware of Python programming language.
3.	Student will understand the numerous applications of Artificial
	Intelligence (AI).

Unit No	Title with Contents	No. of
		Lectures
Unit I	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence	2
	1.Introduction and Intelligent systems,	1
	<ul><li>2. What Is AI, The Foundations of Artificial Intelligence,</li><li>3. The History of Artificial Intelligence, Applications of AI,</li><li>Early work in AI and related fields.</li></ul>	1
Unit II	Searching:	8
	1. Defining AI problems as a State Space Search: example, Search and Control Strategies, Problem Characteristics, Issues in Design of Search Programs	1
	Production System. 2. Blind Search Techniques :	3
	<ul> <li>i. BFS</li> <li>ii. DFS</li> <li>iii. DLS</li> <li>iv. Iterative Deepening Search</li> <li>v. Bidirectional Search</li> <li>vi. Uniform cost Search.</li> </ul> 3. Heuristic search techniques: <ul> <li>i. Generate and test</li> <li>ii. Hill Climbing</li> <li>iii. Best First search</li> <li>iv. Constraint Satisfaction</li> <li>v. Mean-End Analysis</li> <li>vi. A*</li> <li>vii. AO*.</li> </ul>	4
Unit III	Knowledge Representation:	8
	<ol> <li>Representations and Mappings,</li> <li>Approaches to Knowledge Representation         <ol> <li>Knowledge representation method</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	1 5
	<ul> <li>ii. Propositional Logic</li> <li>iii. Predicate logic</li> <li>iv. Representing Simple facts in Logic</li> <li>v. Resolution,</li> <li>3. Game Playing <ol> <li>Minimax Search Procedures</li> <li>Adding alpha-beta cutoffs</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	2

Unit IV	Agent, Environment and Introduction to Expert System	6
	1. What are Agent and Environment,	3
	i. Structure and types of Agents,	
	ii. nature of Environment,	
	iii. Properties of Environment	
	2. What are Expert System,	3
	i. Components of Expert System	
	ii. Forward and backward chaining	
	iii. Applications of Expert System,	
Linit V	Introduction to AI with Python	6
Unit v		
	1. Introduction to Python	2
	2. why python with AI	
	3. Features of Python	1
	4. Basics of Python	3
	i. Python statements	
	ii. Methods & Functions using python	
	iii. Basic and advanced modules & Packages	
	iv. Python Decorators and generators	
	v. Advanced Objects & Data structures.	

#### **References:**

- 1. Computational Intelligence, Eberhart, Elsevier Publication
- 2. Artificial Intelligence: A New Synthesis, Nilsson, Elsevier Publication
- 3. Artificial Intelligence with Python, <u>Prateek</u> Joshi, Packt Publishing Ltd
- 4. Reinforcement and Systematic Machine Learning for Decision Making, Parag Kulkarni, Wiley-IEEE Press Edition
- 5. Artificial Intelligence, Saroj Kausik. Cengage Learning

Course/ Paper Title	Artificial Intelligence Practical
Course Code	21SMCS115B
Semester	Ι
No. of Credits	2

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	To understand basic artificial intelligence.
2.	To understand implementation of artificial intelligence
3.	To study various methods for solving particular problem

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Students will know basics of artificial intelligence.
2.	Students will able to implement solution to real word problem.
3.	Students will able to select appropriate strategy for particular problem.

Unit No	Title with Contents	No. of Practical Sessions
Unit I	<ul> <li>Program to print multiplication table for given no.</li> <li>Program to check whether the given no is prime or not.</li> <li>Program to find factorial of the given no program to check whether the given year is Leap or Not</li> <li>Python program to print Fibonacci series up to n<sup>th</sup> Terms.</li> <li>Write a menu driven program in Python to perform following operations: <ul> <li>a) add</li> <li>b)subtract c)multiply d)division</li> </ul> </li> <li>Write a program to implement List Operations <ul> <li>(Nested list, Length, Concatenation, Membership ,Iteration <ul> <li>Indexing and Slicing),</li> </ul> </li> <li>Write a program to implement List Methods(Add, Append, Extend &amp; Delete)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Write a program to implement map, reduce and filter function with lambda function in python</li> <li>Write a program to implement Simple Chat bot.</li> <li>Write a program to implement Breadth First Search Traversal.</li> <li>Write a program to implement Depth First Search Traversal.</li> </ul>	15

Course/ Paper Title	Web Services
Course Code	21SMCS114C
Semester	Ι
No. of Credits	2

Sr. No.	Objectives	
1.	To understand the details of web services technologies like WSDL,UDDI,SOAP	
2.	To learn how to implement and deploy web service client and server	
3.	To explore interoperability between different frameworks	
4.	To understand the concept of Restful system.	

## Expected Course Specific Learning Outcome

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Student will know about various web services technologies.
2.	Student will able to deploy client and server web service.
3.	Student will know about Restful system.

Unit No	Title with Contents	No. of Lectures
Unit I	Web Service and SOA fundamentals Introduction to Web Services	6
	<ol> <li>The definition of web services, basic operational model of web services, tools and technologies enabling web services, benefits and challenges of using web services.</li> <li>Web Services Architecture         <ol> <li>Web services Architecture and its characteristics.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	2

	ii. core building blocks of web services	
	iii. Standards and technologies available for	
	implementing web services	
	iv Web services communication models	
	v. Basic steps of implementing web services.	
Unit II	SOAP: Simple Object Access Protocol	8
	1. Inter-application communication and wire protocols	1
	2. SOAP as a messaging protocol	2
	3. Structure of a SOAP message	1
	4. SOAP communication model	1
	5. SOAP Web Services	4
	i. Building SOAP Web Services	
	ii. Developing SOAP Web Services using Java,	
	iii. Error handling in SOAP	
	iv. Advantages and disadvantages of SOAP.	
	Describing and Discovering Web Services	8
Unit III		
	1 WSDI	4
	i WSDL in the world of Web Services	
	i. Web Services life evelo	
	ii. Web Services file cycle	
	in. anatomy of wSDL definition document	
	IV. WSDL bindings	
	v. WSDL 1001S	
	vi. Initiations of wSDL	
	vii. Service discovery	
	viii. role of service discovery in a SOA	
	ix. service discovery mechanisms	4
	1. UDDI Registries	
	11. Uses of UDDI Registry	
	iii. Programming with UDDI	
	iv. UDDI data structures	
	v. Support for categorization in UDDI Registries	
	vi. Publishing API, Publishing information to a	
	UDDI Registry,	
	vii. searching information in a UDDI Registry,	
	viii. deleting information in a UDDI Registry,	
	limitations of UDDI.	ρ
Unit IV	The REST Architectural style	ð
	1. Introducing HTTP	2
	2. The core architectural elements of a Restful system,	6
	i. Description and discovery of Restful web services.	
	ii. Java tools and frameworks for building Restful web	

	services,	
iii.	JSON message format and tools and frameworks	
	around JSON,	
iv.	Build Restful web services with JAX-RS APIs,	
v.	The Description and Discovery of Restful Web	
	Services,	
vi.	Design guide lines for building Restful web services	
vii.	Secure Restful web services	

#### **References:**

- 1. Building Web Services with Java, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, S. Graham and others, Pearson Edn., 2008.
- 2. J2EE Web Services, Richard Monson-Haefel, Pearson Education.
- 3. Java Web Services Programming, R.Mogha, V.V.Preetham, Wiley India Pvt.Ltd.
- 4. XML, Web Services, and the Data Revolution, F.P.Coyle, Pearson Education

Course/ Paper Title	Web Services Practical
Course Code	21SMCS115C
Semester	Ι
No. of Credits	2

### Aims & Objectives of the Course

Sr. No.	Objectives		
1.	To understand basic concepts of web services		
2.	To understand how to develop web services using Java/PHP/.Net		
3.	To study various methods to implement web services.		

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Students will know basics of web services.
2.	Students will able to implement web services.

3.	Students will able to select appropriate strategy implementing web
	services as per need of problem.

Unit No	Title with Contents	No. of Practical Sessions
Unit-I	Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to greet the user according to server time and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send user name and test the web service. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to convert Celsius to Fahrenheit and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send Celsius and test the web service. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to find the factorial of given number and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send positive integer number and test the web service. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to validate email id (use regular expression) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to validate user name and password (use database for storing username and Password) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send user name and password and test the web service. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to validate user name and password and test the web service. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to select employee details (use database for storing username and Password) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send user name and password and test the web service. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to select employee details (use database for storing emp details (eno, ename, designation, salary)) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that will send employee name and display the details. Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service functionality to select Movie details (Movie(mno, mame,release_year) and Actor(ano,aname), 1 : M	15

display the details.	
Create 'Dynamia Wah Draiget' which will best your web service	-
Create Dynamic Web Project, which will host your web service	
contain only 10 numeric	
contain only 10 numeric no) and create 'Dynamic Web Project' which will best the client	
application that will send mobile no and test the web service	
Create 'Dynamic Web Project' which will host your web service.	-
functionality to convert Runees to Dollar. Pound Euro	
Dynamic Web	
Project' which will host the client application that will send amount in	
Rupees & type of conversion and tests the web service.	
Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service	1
functionality to give the suggestion for given key word and create	
'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client application that	
tests the web service.	
Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service	
functionality	
to find area and volume of the circle and create 'Dynamic Web	
Project', which will host the client application that tests the web	
service.	
Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service	
functionality to find number of vowels in the given string and create	
Dynamic Web Project, which will nost the client application that tests	
Create 'Dynamic Web Project' which will host your web service	-
functionality to convert decimal number to Binary. Octal Have	
Decimal and create	
'Dynamic Web Project' which will host the client application that	
will send decimal number & type of conversion and test the web	
service.	
Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service	1
functionality to validate user name and password (use database for	
storing username and	
password) and create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host the client	
application that will send user name and password and test the web	
service.	
Create 'Dynamic Web Project', which will host your web service	1
functionality for returning book price and create 'Dynamic Web	
Project', which will host the client application that will send Book	
Name	

Course/ Paper Title	PPL and NoSQL Database Technologies Practical
Course Code	21SMCS116
Semester	Ι
No. of Credits	4

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	To understand basic concepts of PPL and NoSQL Database Technologies
2.	To understand how to develop Neo4j database
3.	To understand structure of MongoDB

# Expected Course Specific Learning Outcome

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Students will know basics PPL and NoSQL Database Technologies
2.	Students will able to develop database using Neo4j.
3.	Students will able to use MongoDB for developing solution to particular problem.

Unit No	Title with Contents	No. of Practical Sessions
	LIST OF SCALA PROGRAMS (PPL)	15
UNIT I	<ul> <li>Control Structures <ol> <li>Write a program to calculate average of all numbers between n1 and n2(eg.100 to 300Read values of n1 and n2 from user)</li> <li>Write a program to calculate factorial of a number.</li> <li>Write a program to read five random numbers and check that random numbers are perfect number or not.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	

	4.	Write a program to find second maximum number of four given numbers.	
	5.	Write a program to calculate sum of prime numbers between 1 to100	
	6.	Write a program to read an integer from user and convert it to binary and octal using user defined functions	
	Arrays	 S	
	1.	Write a program to find maximum and minimum of an array	
	2.	Write a program to calculate transpose of a matrix.	
	3.	Write a program to calculate determinant of a matrix,	
UNIT II	4.	Write a program to check if the matrix is upper triangular or not.	
	5.	Write a program to sort the matrix using insertion sort.	
	6.	Write a program for multiplication of two	
		matrices(Validate number of rows and columns before	
		multiplication and give appropriate message)	
	String		
	1.	Write a program to count uppercase letters in a string and	
		convert it to lowercase and display the new string.	
	2.	Write a program to read a character from user and	
UNIT		count the number of occurrences of that character.	
III	3.	Write a program to read two strings. Remove the occurrence of second string in first string.	
	4.	Create array of strings and read a string from	
		user. Display all the elements of array	
		containing given string.	
	Cl		
		S and Objects Define a class Current Account (accNo, name	
	1.	balance, minBalance). Define appropriate	
		constructors and operations withdraw(), denosit()	
		view Balance(). Create an object and perform	
		operations	
	2	Define a class Employee (id name salary) Define	
UNIT	۷.	methods accent() and display() Display details of	
IV		employee having maximum salary	
	3	Create abstract class Order (id. description). Derive two	
	5.	classes Purchase Order & amp: Sales Order with	
		members Vendor and Customer. Create object of each	
		Purchase Order and Sales Order. Display the details of	
		each account	
	4.	Create abstract class Shape with abstract functions	
		r	

		volume() and display(). Extand two alasses Cube and	
		Culinder from it. Coloulate volume of each and display it.	
		Cylinder from it. Calculate volume of each and display it.	
	5.	Create class Project (id, name, location). Define	
		parameterized constructor. Keep a count of each object	
		created and display the details of each project.	
	6.	Define a class Sports (id, name, description, amount).	
		Derive two classes Indoor and Outdoor. Define appropriate	
		constructors and operations. Create an object and perform	
		operations.	
	7	Design abstract class $Employee$ with compute Sal() as	
		abstract function. Create two subclasses Worker and	
		Manager, Salary of worker should be calculated on hourly	
		basis of work and Salary of Manager should be calculated	
		on monthly basis with additional incontines	
		on montiny basis with additional incentives.	
	List		
	1	Create Lists using five different methods(Lisp style	
		Iava style fill range and tabulate methods)	
	2	Create two Lists and Merge it and store the sorted in ascending	
	2.	order.	
	3.	Create a list of integers divisible by 3 from List containing	
		numbers from 1 to50.	
	4.	Create a list of even numbers up to 10 and calculate its product.	
UNIT V	5.	Write a program to create list with 10 members using	
		function $3n^2 + 4n + 6$	
	6	Write a program to create a list of 1 to 100	
	0.	numbers. Create second list from first list	
		selecting numbers multiple of 10	
	7	Create a list of 50 members using function $2n+3$	
	7.	Create second list excluding all elements multiple of 7	
		create second hist excluding an elements multiple of 7.	
	Мар		
	1.	Write a user defined functions to convert lowercase	
		letter to uppercase and call the function using Map.	
	2.	Write a program to create map with Roll no and First	
UNIT		Name. Print all student information with same First	
VI		Name.	
	Set		
	1. Write a	program to create two sets and find common elements between	
	them.		

	2. Write a program to display largest and smallest element of the Set	
	3. Write a program to merge two sets and calculate product and	
	average of all elements of the Set	
	NoSQL Database Technologies Practical	15
	MongoDB Practical Assignment 1	
	1. Create a database with the name 'Movie'.	
	2. A 'Film' is a collection of documents with the following fields:	
	a. Film Id	
	b. Title of the film	
	c. Year of release	
	d. Genre / Category (like adventure, action, sci-fi,	
	romantic etc.) A film can belong to more	
	than one genre.	
	e. Actors (First name and Last name) $\Delta$ film can have more than one actor	
	f Director (First name and Last name)	
	A film can have more than one director.	
	g. Release details (It consists of places of release, dates of release, dates of release, dates of the film)	
	3 An 'Actor' is a collection of documents with the following fields:	
UNIT I	a. Actor Id	
	b. First name	
	c. Last Name	
	d. Address (Street, City, State, Country, Pin-code)	
	e. Contact Details (Email Id and Phone No)	
	f. Age of an actor.	
	Queries:	
	1. Insert at least 10 documents in the collection Film–	
	a. Insert at least one document with film belonging to two genres.	
	b. Insert at least one document with film that is released at more than one place and on two different dates.	
	c. Insert at least three documents with the films released in the same year.	
	d. Insert at least two documents with the films directed by	

	one director.	
	Insert at least two documents with films those are acted by a pair 'Madhuri Dixit' and 'Shahrukh Khan'	
	2. Insert at least 10 documents in the collection Actor.	
	<ul> <li>Make sure, you are inserting the names of actors who have acted in films, given in the 'Film' collection.</li> <li>3. Display all the documents inserted in both the collections.</li> <li>4. Add a value to the rating of the film whose title starts with 'T'.</li> <li>5. Add an actor named" " " in the 'Actor' collection. Also add the details of the film in 'Film' collection in which this actor has acted in.</li> <li>6. Delete the film" ".</li> <li>7. Delete an actor named" ".</li> <li>8. Delete all actors from an 'Actor' collection who have age greater than"</li> <li>9. Update the actor's address where Actor Id is "".</li> <li>10. Update the genre of the film directed by"</li> </ul>	
	MongoDB Practical Assignment 2	
UNIT II	<ol> <li>Create a database with name 'Company'.</li> <li>An 'Employee' is a collection of documents with the following fields:         <ul> <li>a. Employee ID</li> <li>b. First Name</li> <li>c. Last Name</li> <li>d. Email</li> <li>e. PhoneNo.</li> <li>f. Address (House No, Street, City, State, Country, Pin-code)</li> <li>g. Salary</li> <li>h. Designation</li> <li>i. Experience</li> <li>j. Date of Joining</li> <li>k. Birthdate</li> </ul> </li> <li>A 'Transaction' is a collection of documents with the following fields:         <ul> <li>a. Transaction Id,</li> <li>b. Transaction Date</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	

	c. Name (First Name of employee who processed the transaction)	
	d. Transaction Details (Item Id, Item Name, Quantity, Price)	
	e. Payment (Type of Payment (Debit/Credit/Cash), Total	
	amount paid, Payment Successful)	
	f. Remark (Remark field can be empty.)	
	Queries:	
	1. Insert at least 5 documents in 'Employee' collection.	
	2. Insert multiple documents (at least 10) into the 'Transaction' collection by passing an array of documents to the db. Collection insert () method.	
	3. Display all the documents of both the collections in a formatted manner.	
	4. Update salary of all employees by giving an increment of Rs.4000.	
	5. Update the remark for transaction id201.	
	6. Update designation of an employee named"" from supervisor to manager.	
	7. Update designation of an employee having Employee Id as	
	8. Change the address of an employee having Employee Id as	
	9. Delete transaction made by""	
	employee on the given date. 10.Delete all the	
	employees whose first name starts with 'K'.	
	MongoDB Practical Assignment 3	
	1. Find the titles of all the films starting with the letter 'R' released during the year 2009 and 2011.	
	2. Find the list of films acted by an actor"".	
	3. Find all the films released in90s.	
	4. Find all films belonging to "Adventure" and "Thriller" genre.	
UNIT	5. Find all the films having 'A' rating.	
III	6. Arrange the film names in ascending order and release year should be in descending order.	
	7. Sort the actors in ascending order according to their age.	
	8. Find movies that are comedies or dramas and are released after2013.	
	9. Show the latest 2 films acted by an actor"".	
	10. List the titles of films acted by actors ""and"	
	12. Retrieve films with actor details.	

	MongoDB Practical Assignment 4	
	1. Find employees having designation as either 'manager' or	
	'floor supervisor'.	
	2. Find an employee whose name ends with	
	3. Display the name of an employee whose salary is greater than	
	4. Sort the employees in the descending order of their designation	
	5 Count the total number of employees in a collection	
UNIT	6 Calculate the sum of total amount paid for all the transaction	
IV	documents.	
	7. Calculate the sum of total amount paid for each payment type.	
	8. Find the transaction id of the latest transaction.	
	9. Find designation of employees who have	
	made transaction of amount greater than Rs.	
	10 Find the total quantity of a particular item sold using Man	
	Reduce.	
	Neo4j Practical Assignment 1	
	Create the following databases as graph models. Visualize the models after creation, Return properties of nodes, Return the nodes labels, Return the relationships with its properties. <b>NB:</b> You may assume and add more labels, relationships, properties to	
	the graphs	
	1. Create a library database , as given below.	
UNIT V		
	name: John Le Carre born: 19-10-1932       title: Tinker, Tailor, Soldier, Spy published: 1974       title: Our Man in Havana published: 1958       name: Graham Greene born: 02-10-1904 died: 02-04-1991	
	$1 \longrightarrow WROTE \longrightarrow 2 \longrightarrow 4 \longrightarrow WROTE \longrightarrow 3$	
	Author Author Author	
	RECOMMENDED RECOMMENDED	
	6 Reader 5 Author	
	name: Alan name: Ian	

There are individual books, readers, and authors that are present in the library data model.. A minimal set of labels are as follows: **Book**: This label includes all the books **Person**: This label includes authors, translators, reviewers, Readers, Suppliers and so on Publisher: This label includes the publishers of books in the database A set of basic relationships are as follows: **Published By:** This relationship is used to specify that a book was published by a publisher Votes: This relationship describes the relation between a user and a book, for example, how a book was rated by a user. Reviewed By: This relationship is used to specify that a book was reviewed and remarked by a user. Translated By: This relationship is used to specify that a book was translated to a language by a user. **Issued By:** This relationship is used to specify that a book was issued by a user. Returned By: This relationship is used to specify that a book was returned by a user Every book has the following properties: Title: This is the title of the book in string format **Tags**: This is an array of string tags useful for searching through the database based on topic, arguments, geographic regions, languages, and so on Status: the book status, specifying whether its issued or in library. Condition: book condition, new or old Cost : Cost of book **Type**: book is a Novel, Journal, suspense thriller etc 2. Consider a Song database, with labels as Artists, Song, Recording\_company, Recoding\_studio, song author etc. Relationships can be as follows Artist  $\longrightarrow$  [Performs]  $\longrightarrow$  Song  $\longrightarrow$  [Written by]  $\longrightarrow$  Song\_author. Song  $\longrightarrow$  [Recorded in ]  $\longrightarrow$  Recording Studio  $\longrightarrow$  [managed] by] $\longrightarrow$ recording Company Recording Company  $\longrightarrow$ [Finances] → Song You may add more labels and relationship and their properties, as per assumptions. 3. Consider an Employee database, with a minimal

	set of labels as follows Employee: denotes a	
	person as an employee of the organization	
	Department: denotes the different departments,	
	in which employees work. Skillset: A list of	
	skills acquired by an employee	
	Projects: A list of	
	projects in which an	
	employee works. A	
	minimal set of relationships	
	can be as follows:	
	Works in ·	
	employee works in a department	
	Has acquired: employee has	
	acquired a skill Assigned to .	
	employee assigned to a project	
	Controlled by: A project is controlled by a	
	department Project manager : Employee is a	
	nroject manager of a Project	
	project_manager of a roject	
	4 Consider a movie database, with nodes as Actors, Movies	
	Poles Producer Financier Director Assume appropriate	
	whether hot was the nodes include properties for nodes	
	relationships between the nodes, include properties for nodes	
	and relationships.	
	5. Create a Social network database, with labels as Person,	
	Arithmuons, Groups, Story, Timenne etc. Some of the	
	Derson [friend of] Person [affiliated to] affiliations	
	$Person \longrightarrow [holongo] \longrightarrow Person \longrightarrow [annualed to] \longrightarrow annualions$	
	$reison \rightarrow [belongs$	
	to]> Oloups, reison> [create]> Story> [reiers	
	$[0] \longrightarrow Person$	
	$Timeline \longrightarrow [creates] \longrightarrow Timeline \longrightarrow [reference for ] \longrightarrow Story,$	
	I intenne> [contains]> Messages	
	Neo4j Practical Assignment 2 Simple Queries.	
	1 Library Database	
UNIT	a) List all people who have issued a book"	
VI	b) Count the number of neonle who have read ""	
* <b>±</b>	b) Count the number of people who have read	
	c) Add a property "Number of books issued "	
	for Mr. Joshi and set its value as the count	
	d) List the names of publishers from pune city.	

	<ol> <li>Song Database:         <ul> <li>a) List the names of songs written by":"</li> <li>b) List the names of record companies who have financed for the song""</li> <li>c) List the names of artist performing the song""</li> <li>d) Name the songs recorded by the studio ""</li> <li>d) Name the songs recorded by the studio ""</li> <li>d) Name the songs recorded by the studio ""</li> <li>d) Name the songs recorded by the studio ""</li> <li>d) List the names of employees in department""</li> <li>d) List the projects along with their properties, controlled by department""</li> <li>c) List the departments along with the count of employees init</li> <li>d) List the departments along with the count of employees init</li> <li>d) List the skill set for an employee""</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Movie Database:         <ul> <li>a) Find all actors who have acted in a movie""</li> <li>b) Find all reviewer pairs, one following the other and both reviewing the same movie, and return entire sub graphs.</li> <li>c) Find all actors that acted in a movie together after 2010 and return the actor names and movie node</li> <li>d) Find all movies produced by " "</li> </ul> </li> <li>Social Network Database:         <ul> <li>a) Find all friends of "John", along with the year, since when john knows them.</li> <li>b) List out the affiliations of John.</li> <li>c) Find all friends of john, who are born in the same year as John</li> <li>d) List out the messages posted by John in bit timeline</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	
	d) List out the messages posted by John in his timeline, during the year2015.	
	Neo4j Assignment 3 Complex pattern Queries:	
UNIT VII	<ol> <li>Library database         <ol> <li>List all readers who have recommended either book "…" or ""or ""or "</li> <li>List the readers who haven't recommended any book</li> <li>List the authors who have written a book that has been</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	
	<ul><li>d) List the names of books recommended by"" And</li></ul>	

read by at least one reader	
e) List the names of books recommended by"" and read	
by maximum number of readers.	
f) List the names of publishers who haven't	
published any books written by authors from Pune	
and Mumbai.	
g) List the names of voracious readers in our library	
2. Song Database:	
a) List the names of artists who have sung only songs written by"	
b) List the names of artists who have sung the maximum	
number of songs recorded by"" studio	
c) List the names of songs financed by "", and sung by"	
3. Employee Database:	
a) List the names of employees having the same skills as	
b) List the projects controlled by a department " , , , , and	
b) List the projects controlled by a department	
ave employees of the arraigete halonging to departments	
managed by employee"	
4. Movie Database:	
a) List the names of actors that paired in multiple movies	
together.	
b) List all pairs of actor-movie sub graphs along with the roles played.	
c) List all reviewers and the ones they are	
following directly or via another a third	
Reviewer	
d) List the names of movies that have the most number of reviews.	
5. Social Network Database:	
a) List out the people, who have created maximum time line messages.	
b) List all friends of John's friend. Tom	
c) List the people with maximum friends	
d) List the people who are part of more than 3 groups.	

Course/ Paper Title	Advanced Operating System
Course Code	21SMCS121
Semester	II
No. of Credits	4

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	To understand the programming interface to the Unix/Linux system – the system call interface.
2.	To understand the functions of Operating Systems.
3.	To get an insight into functional modules of Operating Systems.
4.	To understand the concepts underlying in the design and implementation of Operating Systems.

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Student will able to implement various system call interfaces.
2.	Student will able to design functional modules of operating system.
3.	Student will able to use systems calls for implementing various functions in programs.

Unit No	Title with Contents	No. of
		Lectures
Unit I	Introduction to UNIX/Linux Kernel	06
	<ol> <li>System Structure</li> <li>User Perspective</li> <li>Assumptions about Hardware</li> <li>Architecture of UNIX Operating System (TextBook- 1:ChapterTopics:1.2,1.3,1.5,2.1)</li> <li>Concepts of Linux Programming         <ol> <li>Files and the File system</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	01 01 02
	<ul> <li>ii. Processes</li> <li>iii. Users and Groups</li> <li>iv. Permissions</li> <li>v. Signals</li> <li>vi. Inter process Communication (TextBook-3: Chapter 1- relevant topics)</li> </ul>	02
Unit II	File and Directory I/O	18
	<ol> <li>Buffer headers</li> <li>Structure of the buffer pool</li> <li>Scenarios for retrieval of a buffer</li> <li>Reading and writing disk blocks</li> <li>Inodes</li> <li>Structure of regular file         <ol> <li>Open</li> <li>Read</li> <li>Write</li> <li>Lseek</li> <li>Close</li> <li>Vi. Pipes</li> <li>dup (TextBook- 1: Chapter Topics: 3.1-3.4, 4.1, 4.2, 5.1-5.3, 5.5-5.7, 5.12,5.13)</li> <li>creat</li> <li>file sharing</li> <li>atomic operations</li> <li>dup2</li> <li>sync</li> <li>sync</li> <li>sync</li> <li>sync and fdatasync</li> <li>forth</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	02 02 02 02 10

	xvii. file types	
	xviii. Set-User-ID and Set-Group-ID	
	xix. file access permissions	
	xx. ownership of new files and directories	
	xxi. access function	
	xxii. umask function	
	xxiii. chmod and fchmod	
	xxiv. sticky bit	
	xxv. chown, fchown, and lchown	
	xxvi. file size	
	xxvii. file truncation	
	xxviii. file systems	
	xxix. link, unlink, remove, and rename functions	
	xxx. symbolic links	
	xxxi. symlink and readlink functions	
	xxxii. file times, utime	
	xxxiii. mkdir and rmdir	
	xxxiv. reading directories	
	xxxv. chdir, fchdir, and getcwd	
	xxxvi. device special files (TextBook-2: Chapter	
	Topics: 3.3, 3.4, 3.10-3.14, 3.16, 4.2-4.23)	
Unit III	<b>Process Environment, Process Control and Process</b>	18
	Delationshing	10
	Kelationships	
	1. Process states and transitions	02
	1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory	02
	1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process	02
	1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process         i. saving the context of a process	02
	<ol> <li>Process states and transitions</li> <li>layout of system memory</li> <li>the context of a process         <ol> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>sleep</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	02
	1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process         i. saving the context of a process         ii.sleep         iii. process creation	02
	1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process         i. saving the context of a process         ii.sleep         iii. process creation         iv. signals	02
	Relationsings         1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process         i. saving the context of a process         ii. sleep         iii. process creation         iv. signals         v. process termination	02
	1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process         i. saving the context of a process         ii. sleep         iii. process creation         iv. signals         v. process termination         vi. awaiting process termination	02
	Relationsings         1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process         i. saving the context of a process         ii.sleep         iii. process creation         iv. signals         v. process termination         vi. awaiting process termination         vii. invoking other programs	02
	Relationsings         1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process         i. saving the context of a process         ii. sleep         iii. process creation         iv. signals         v. process termination         vi. awaiting process termination         vii. invoking other programs         viii. the user id of a process	02
	1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process         i. saving the context of a process         ii.sleep         iii. process creation         iv. signals         v.process termination         vi. awaiting process termination         vii. invoking other programs         viii. the user id of a process         ix. changing the size of the process	02
	Relationsings         1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process         i. saving the context of a process         ii. sleep         iii. process creation         iv. signals         v. process termination         vi. awaiting process termination         vii. invoking other programs         viii. the user id of a process         ix. changing the size of the process         4. The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter	02 04 02
	Relationsings1. Process states and transitions2. layout of system memory3. the context of a processi. saving the context of a processii. sleepiii. process creationiv. signalsv. process terminationvi. awaiting process terminationvii. invoking other programsviii. the user id of a processix. changing the size of the process4. The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 6.1-6.4, 6.6, 7.1-7.8, 8.1)	02 04 02
	1. Process states and transitions         2. layout of system memory         3. the context of a process         i. saving the context of a process         ii. sleep         iii. process creation         iv. signals         v. process termination         vi. awaiting process termination         vii. invoking other programs         viii. the user id of a process         ix. changing the size of the process         4. The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 6.1-6.4, 6.6, 7.1-7.8, 8.1)         5. Process termination	02 04 02
	<ol> <li>Process states and transitions</li> <li>layout of system memory</li> <li>the context of a process         <ol> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>sleep</li> <li>process creation</li> <li>signals</li> <li>sprocess termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>invoking other programs</li> <li>the user id of a process</li> <li>changing the size of the process</li> </ol> </li> <li>The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 6.1-6.4, 6.6, 7.1-7.8, 8.1)</li> <li>Process termination</li> <li>environment list</li> </ol>	02 04 02 02
	<ol> <li>Process states and transitions</li> <li>layout of system memory</li> <li>the context of a process         <ol> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>sinsleep</li> <li>process creation</li> <li>signals</li> <li>sprocess termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>invoking other programs</li> <li>the user id of a process</li> <li>changing the size of the process</li> </ol> </li> <li>The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 6.1-6.4, 6.6, 7.1-7.8,8.1)</li> <li>Process termination</li> <li>environment list</li> <li>memory layout of a C program</li> </ol>	02 04 02 02
	<ol> <li>Process states and transitions</li> <li>layout of system memory</li> <li>the context of a process         <ol> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>sileep</li> <li>process creation</li> <li>signals</li> <li>process termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>invoking other programs</li> <li>the user id of a process</li> <li>changing the size of the process</li> </ol> </li> <li>The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 6.1-6.4, 6.6, 7.1-7.8, 8.1)</li> <li>Process termination</li> <li>environment list</li> <li>memory layout of a C program             <ol> <li>shared libraries</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	02 04 02 02
	<ol> <li>Process states and transitions</li> <li>layout of system memory</li> <li>the context of a process         <ol> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>sileep</li> <li>process creation</li> <li>signals</li> <li>process termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>invoking other programs</li> <li>the user id of a process</li> <li>changing the size of the process</li> </ol> </li> <li>The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 6.1-6.4, 6.6, 7.1-7.8, 8.1)</li> <li>Process termination</li> <li>environment list</li> <li>memory layout of a C program             <ol> <li>shared libraries</li> <li>environment variables</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	02 04 02 02 02 04
	<ol> <li>Process states and transitions</li> <li>layout of system memory</li> <li>the context of a process         <ol> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>signals</li> <li>signals</li> <li>process termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>invoking other programs</li> <li>the user id of a process</li> </ol> </li> <li>Changing the size of the process</li> <li>Changing the size of the process</li> <li>The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 6.1-6.4, 6.6, 7.1-7.8,8.1)</li> <li>Process termination</li> <li>environment list</li> <li>memory layout of a C program</li></ol>	02 04 02 02 02 04
	<ol> <li>Process states and transitions</li> <li>layout of system memory</li> <li>the context of a process         <ol> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>sileep</li> <li>process creation</li> <li>signals</li> <li>process termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>invoking other programs</li> <li>the user id of a process</li> <li>changing the size of the process</li> </ol> </li> <li>The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 6.1-6.4, 6.6, 7.1-7.8,8.1)</li> <li>Process termination</li> <li>environment list</li> <li>memory layout of a C program             <ol> <li>shared libraries</li> <li>environment variables</li> <li>setjmp and longjmp</li> <li>getrlimit and setrlimit</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	02 04 02 02 04
	<ol> <li>Process states and transitions</li> <li>layout of system memory</li> <li>the context of a process         <ol> <li>saving the context of a process</li> <li>spectral states and transition</li> <li>signals</li> <li>spectral states and transition</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>awaiting process termination</li> <li>invoking other programs</li> <li>the user id of a process</li> <li>changing the size of the process</li> </ol> </li> <li>The Shell, Process Scheduling (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 6.1-6.4, 6.6, 7.1-7.8,8.1)</li> <li>Process termination</li> <li>environment list</li> <li>memory layout of a C program         <ol> <li>shared libraries</li> <li>environment variables</li> <li>setjmp and longjmp</li> <li>getrlimit and setrlimit</li> <li>process identifiers</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	02 04 02 02 04

	a. Fork	
	b. Vfork	
	c. Exit	
	d. wait and waitpid	
	e. waited f wait2 and wait4	
	1. Walls and wall4	
	b exec	
	8 changing user IDs and group IDs	
	9. system function	02
	10. user identification	02
	11. process times (TextBook-2: Chapter Topics: 7.3, 7.5-	
	7.7, 7.9-7.11, 8.2-8.11, 8.13, 8.15, 8.16)	
Unit IV	Memory Management	08
	1. The Process Address Space	01
	2. Allocating Dynamic Memory	
	3. Managing Data Segment	
	4. Anonymous Memory Mappings	01
	5. Advanced Memory Allocation	
	6. Debugging Memory Allocations	01
	7. Stack-Based Allocations	UI
	8. Choosing a Memory Allocation Mechanism	01
	9. Manpulating Memory 10. Locking Memory	01
	11 Opportunistic Allocation (TextBook-3: Chapter8)	02
	12. Swapping	02
	13. Demand Paging (TextBook-1: Chapter Topics: 9.1, 9.2)	01
Unit V	Signal Handling	10
	1. Signal concepts	
	2. signal function	
	3. unreliable signal	
	4. interrupted system calls	02
	5. reentrant functions	02
	0. SIGCLD semantics 7. reliable signal technolog	
	i kill and raise	01
	ii. alarm and pause	01
	iii. signal sets	04
	8. sigprocmask	V4
	i. sigpending	
	ii. sigsetjmp and siglongjmp	
	iii. sigsuspend	

vi. abort 9. system function revisited	
i. sleep (TextBook-2: Topics: 10.2- 10.13,10.15-10.19)	

#### **References:**

- 1. The Design of the UNIX Operating System, Maurice J. Bach., PHI
- 2. Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment, Richard Stevens, Addison-Wesley
- 3. Linux System Programming, Robert Love, O'Reilly

Course/ Paper Title	Programming with DOT NET
Course Code	21SMCS122
Semester	II
No. of Credits	04

### Aims & Objectives of the Course

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	To understand the DOT NET framework
2.	To understand C# language features
3.	To understand Web development using ASP.NET

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Student will able to develop application using DOT NET
2.	Student will able to develop application using C#
3.	Student will able to build web application using ASP.NET

Unit No	Title with Contents	No. of
Unit No		Lectures
	Part I : C#	
Unit I	DOTNET Framework	10
	1. Introduction to DOTNET	02
	2. DOT NET class framework	
	3. Common Language Runtime :	02
		06
	i.Overview	
	ii. Elements of .NET application	
	iii.Memory Management	
	iv.Garbage Collection	
Unit II	Introduction to C#	12
	1. Language features :	
	i.Variables and Expressions	
	ii. type conversion	
	iii.Flow Control	
	iv.Functions	04
	v.Delegates	
	vi.Debugging and error handling	
	v.exception handling (System Defined and User	
	Defined)	
	2. Object Oriented Concepts	
	1.Defining classes	
	11.class members	04
	111.Interfaces, properties	
	iv. Access modifiers	
	v.implementation of class	
	vi. Interface and properties	
	iv Event Handling	
	3 Collections Comparisons and Conversions	0.5
	i Defining and using collections	04
	ii.Indexers, iterators	
	iii. Type comparison	
	iv.Value Comparison	
	v.Overloading	

Unit III	Window Programming	10
	<ol> <li>Window Controls         <ol> <li>Window Controls</li> <li>Common Controls</li> <li>Container Controls (Group box and Tab controls)</li> <li>Menus and Toolbars</li> <li>Printing</li> <li>Printing</li> <li>Dialogs</li> </ol> </li> <li>Deploying Window Application:</li> </ol>	06
	i.Click Once deployment	04
Unit IV	Data Access	06
	<ol> <li>File System Data</li> <li>XML</li> <li>Databases and ADO.NET</li> <li>Data Binding</li> </ol>	02 02 02
	Part II : ASP . NET	
Unit I	Introduction to ASP.NET	08
	<ol> <li>Control Structures &amp; Functions :</li> <li>Forms, web pages, HTML forms, Web forms</li> <li>Request &amp; Response in Non-ASP.NET pages</li> <li>Using ASP.NET Server Controls</li> <li>Overview of Control structures</li> <li>Functions : web controls as parameters</li> </ol>	01 01 01 01 02 02
Unit II	Even Driven Programming and Post Back	04
	<ol> <li>HTML events</li> <li>ASP.NET page events</li> <li>ASP.NET Web control events</li> <li>Event driven programming and post back</li> </ol>	02 01 01
Unit III	Reading from Databases	04
	<ol> <li>Data Source and Data binding controls</li> <li>ADO.NET</li> </ol>	02 02

Unit IV	ASP.NET Server Controls	06
	1. ASP.NET Web Controls	02
	2. HTML Server Controls	02
	3. Web Controls	02

#### **References:**

- 1. Beginning Visual C#, Skinner, Kemper, Nagel, Wrox Publication
- 2. Professional C#, Nagel, Glynn, Skinner, Wrox Publication
- **3.** Beginning ASP.NET 3.5, Jesse Liberty, Dan Hurwitz, and Dan Maharry, Wrox Publication
- **4.** Programming ASP.NET 3.5, Jesse Liberty, Dan Maharry, Dan Hurwitz, O'Reilly Publication

Course/ Paper Title	Software Project Management
Course Code	21SMCS123
Semester	02
No. of Credits	04

### Aims & Objectives of the Course

Sr.		
No.	Objectives	
1.	To covers skills that are required to ensure successful medium and	
	large scale software projects.	
2.	To examines Requirements Elicitation, Project Management,	
	Verification &Validation and Management of Large Software	
	Engineering Projects.	
3.	To select and apply project management techniques for process	
	modeling, planning, estimation, process metrics and risk management	

## **Expected Course Specific Learning Outcomes**

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Student will able to collect requirements of project.
2.	Student will able to perform verification and validation of software projects
3.	Student will able to select particular technique for project management.
4.	Student will able to apply selected technique for project.

Unit No.	Title with Contents	No. of
		Lectures
Unit I	Introduction to Project Management	05
	1. What is a Project?	01
	2. What is Project management? Project	01
	phases and project life cycle	01
	<ol> <li>Qualities of Project Manager</li> <li>WBS</li> </ol>	02
Unit II	Project Management Components	07
	1. Project Integration Management-Project plan	02
	development and execution	02
	2. Change control 3. CCB	02
	<ol> <li>Configuration management</li> </ol>	01
Unit III	Scope Management	04
	1. Strategic planning	01
	2. Scope planning	01
	3. Definition	01
	4. Verification and control	01
Unit IV	Time management	02
	1. Activity planning	01
	<ol> <li>Schedule development and control</li> <li>GANTT Chart</li> </ol>	01

Unit V	Cost Management	04
	1. Cost estimation and Control	01
	2. COCOMO model	03
	3. BASIC COCOMO NUMERICALS	05
Unit VI	Quality Management	02
	Quality planning and assurance	02
Unit VII	Human Resource Management	02
	1. Organizational planning	01
	2. Staff acquisition	01
Unit VIII	Communication Management	02
	1. Information distribution	01
	2. Reporting	01
Unit IX	Risk Management	02
	1. Risk identification	01
	<b>2.</b> Quantification and control	01
Unit X	Procurement Management	02
	1. Solicitation management and control	01
	2. Contract administration	01
Unit XI	Software Metrics	07
	1. The scope of software metrics	01
	2. Size- oriented metrics	02
	3. Function oriented	01
	4. Software metrics data collection	01
	5. Analyzing software data	02
Unit XII	Software Reliability	06
	1. Measurement and prediction	02
	2. Resource measurement	02
	<b>3.</b> Productivity, teams and tools	02
Unit XIII	Planning a measurement program	05
	1. What is metrics plan?	
	2. Developing goals, questions and metrics	02
	3. Where and When: Mapping measures to	
	activities	02
	4. now: measurement tools	01

	<b>5.</b> Who: Measurers , analyst, tools revision plans	
Unit XIV	Quality Standards	04
	1. CMM levels	02
	2. KPA's	01
	3. PSP/TSP	01
Unit XV	Introduction to DevOps	06
	1. What is DevOps	
	<b>2.</b> Why DevOps	02
	<b>3.</b> Principles of DevOps	
	<b>4.</b> History of DevOps	
	5. Architecture of DevOps	02
	6. Life Cycle of DevOps	
	7. Overview of DevOps Tools	
	8. How to achieve DevOps?	02
	9. DevOps and Agile	

### **References :**

- Software Engineering, Roger Pressman, McGraw-Hill
   Software Metrics for Project Management and process improvement, Robert B. Grady, Prentice hill

Course/ Paper Title	Project
Course Code	21SMCS124A
Semester	II
No. of Credits	02

### Aims & Objectives of the Course

Sr.	Objectives
No.	
1.	To allow students to demonstrate the personal abilities and skills
	required to produce and present an extended piece of work
2.	To allow students to engage in personal inquiry, action and reflection
	on specific topics and issues.

3.	To allow students to focus on, and demonstrate an understanding of,
	the areas of interaction.
4.	To allow students to reflect on learning and share knowledge, views
	and opinions.

## **Expected Course Specific Learning Outcomes**

Sr.	Learning Outcome
No.	
1.	Students will have abilities and skills skills required to produce and
	present an extended piece of work in corporate sectors.
2.	Students will know how to interact with team members while
	working on project.
3.	Students will able to share their knowledge and views.

Unit	Title with Contents	No. of
No.		Sessions
	Guidelines:	
	• Students should work in a team of minimum 2 and maximum 3 students.	15
	• Students can choose a project topic without any	
	restriction on technology or domain.	
	• The student group will work independently	
	throughout the project work including: problem	
	identification, information searching, literature	
	study, design and analysis, implementation,	
	testing, and the final reporting.	
	• Project guide must conduct project presentations	
	(minimum 2) to monitor the progress of the project groups.	
	• At the end of the project, the group should	
	prepare a report which should conform to	
	international academic standards. The report	
	should follow the style in academic journals and	
	books, with clear elements such as: abstract,	
	background, aim, design and implementation,	
	testing, conclusion and full references, Tables and	
	figures should be numbered and referenced to in	

the report.	
• The final project presentation with	
demonstration (UE) will be evaluated by the	
project guide (appointed by the college) and one	
external examiner (appointed by the University).	

Course/ Paper Title	Project Related Assignment
Course Code	21SMCS125A
Semester	П
No. of Credits	02

Aims & Objectives of the Course

Sr.	Objectives
No.	
1.	The project assignments are a compulsory part of the project course
	and should be carried out by each project group.
2.	Project assignments are to be given by the guide for continuous
	internal evaluation.
3.	The project assignments are to be allotted to each group separately by
	the project guide on the basis of the implementation technology.

## Expected Course Specific Learning Outcomes

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Student will able to understand the flow of system development
2.	Student will able to form the content of documentation
3.	Student will able to understand documentation of testing of a project

Unit	t Title with Contents	No. of
No.		Practical
		Sessions
	Project Time management: plan (schedule table), Gantt chart, Roles and responsibilities, data collection, Implementation	
	Simple assignments to evaluate choice of technology	
UNIT I	Assignments on UI elements in chosen technology	
	Assignments on User interfaces in the project	15
	Assignments on event handling in chosen technology	10
	Assignments on Data handling in chosen technology	
	Online and offline connectivity	
	Report generation	
	Deployment considerations	
	Test cases	

Course/ Paper Title	Human Computer Interaction
Course Code	21SMCS124B
Semester	II
No. of Credits	02

Sr.	
No.	Objectives
1.	To design effective dialog for HCI.
2.	To design effective HCI for individuals and persons with disabilities.
3.	To assess the importance of user feedback.
4.	To develop meaningful user interface.

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Student will able to design effective dialog for HCI
2.	Student will understand importance of user feedback
3.	Student will able to develop meaningful user interfaces.

Unit		No. of
No.	Title with Contents	Lectures
Unit I	FOUNDATIONS OF HCI	06
	1. The Human: I/O channels	01
	i. Memory	
	ii. Reasoning and problem solving	
	2. The computer:	
	i. Devices	02
	11.Memory	
	111. processing and networks;	
	3. Interaction:	
	1.Models ji fromoworks	03
	II. ITAIllewolks	03
	in. Ergonomics	
	v elements	
	v. Elements vi Interactivity	
	vii Paradigms	
Unit II	DESIGN & SOFTWARE PROCESS	07
	1. Interactive Design basics	02
	i. process	
	ii. scenarios	
	iii. navigation	
	viii. screen design	
	ix. Iteration and prototyping.	
	2. HCI in software process	02
	i. software life cycle	
	ii. usability engineering	
	iv. Prototyping in practice	
	v. Iv.design rationale.	02
	3. Design rules	-
	i. principles	
	ii.standards	
	111. guidelines	01
	1V. rules	01
	4. Evaluation Techniques	
Init III	1.Universal Design	05
	WODELS AND THEORIES	05
	1. Cognitive models	
	i. Socio-Organizational issues and stake holder	01

	requirements	
	ii. Communication and collaboration models	02
	iii. Hypertext, Multimedia and WWW.	02
Unit IV	MOBILE HCI	06
	<ol> <li>Mobile Ecosystem:         <ol> <li>Platforms</li> <li>Application frameworks</li> <li>Types of Mobile Applications:</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	02
	i. Widgets ii. Applications iii. Games	02
	iv.Mobile Information <b>3.</b> Architecture, Mobile 2.0, Mobile Design: i.Elements of Mobile Design ii. Tools.	02
Unit V	WEB INTERFACE DESIGN	06
	<ol> <li>Designing Web Interfaces         <ol> <li>Drag &amp; Drop</li> <li>Direct Selection</li> <li>Contextual Tools</li> <li>Overlays, Inlays and Virtual Pages,</li> <li>Process Flow</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	04
	2. Case Studies.	02

#### **References :**

- 1. Human Computer Interaction, (Chapter 1, 2 & 3), Alan Dix, Janet Finlay, Gregory Abowd, Russell Beale, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2004
- 2. Mobile Design and Development (Chapter 4), Brian Fling, First Edition O"Reilly Media Inc., 2009
- **3.** Designing Web Interfaces (Chapter 5), Bill Scott and Theresa Neil, First Edition, O"Reilly, 2009

Course/ Paper Title	Human Computer Interaction Practical
Course Code	21SMCS125B
Semester	II
No. of Credits	02

Sr.	
No.	Objectives
1.	To design effective dialog for HCI.
2.	To design effective HCI for individuals and persons with disabilities.
3.	To develop meaningful user interface.

Sr.			
No.	Learning Outcome		
1.	Student will able to design effective dialog for HCI		
2.	Student will able to develop meaningful user interfaces.		
3.	Student will able to design logo with effective user interface		

Unit		No. of
No.	Title with Contents	Practical
	Contents	Sessions
1.	Understand the trouble of interacting with Computers - Redesign interfaces of applications. Select any application, like land-line phone application, registration etc and understand the trouble of interacting with that application. Comment on design of that application as good or bad design based on whether interaction principles are matching with users mental model or not. Redesign the interface for mention the change in design andreason.	
2.	Know your client: Select anyone category of user and develop application understanding the user who will be using your system. Comment on the category of user selected and specific features given for the users and identify what kinds of interfaces will they like and why?. Compare with existing system analyze and rate them.Analyze user models and develop user centric interfaces for: Children (4-5 years of age): An application to teachmath. Perform analysis of children behavior e.g. their	15
	preferences, interests etc Teenagers: Design a digital diary for young teens to help them overcome various social pressures they deal with during their teen years. The diary should also be like a self help tool which would help them deal with incidents like bullying, peer pressure, etc This is an open project and you can think in any direction to make the children sail through their teen years while trying to discover life around them. Perform analysis of teenagers e.g. their problems, interests, needs, etc Older generation: Folks from the older generation has been very wary of using their credit card on the Internet. They have various concerns when it comes to paying their bills. Also because of their old age, it will be beneficial for them to use the internet and pay their phone, electricity, gas, etc.bills Analysis of old people e.g. their nature, interests, needs, etc Rural people: ATVM for train ticketing in ruralarea	

	Perform analysis of rural people e.g. their problems, interests, needs, language etc Mentally disabled: Design the interface of a game for mentally disabled children. Analysis of mentally disabled e.g. their behavior, problems, interests Any tool or technology can be used for implementation e.g., VB, DOTNET, JAVA, PHP, etc			
3.	Identify 5 different websites catering to one specific goal (eg. Goal – on-line shopping and 5 different websites – ebay, amazon, flipkart, zovi, myntra) and perform a competitive analysis on them to understand how each one caters to the goal, the interactions and flow of the payment system and prepare a report on the same. Consider any 8 HCI principles and prepare the following table evaluating the websites.			
	S       Principles       Poo       Average       Goo       G       Excell ent         r       r       d       o       ent         .       N       o       d       V         o       V       er       y         1.       Aesthetically pleasing       Image: Second Seco			
4.	2.          To achieve simplicity one needs to optimize the number of elements on a screen, within limits of clarity. And minimize the alignment points, especially horizontal orcolumnar Calculate Screen Complexity for existing Graphical User Interface(GUI).         Redesign the Screen by applying various guidelines to lower the complexity of selected Graphical User Interface (GUI) to achievesimplicity         Method for Measuring Complexity:         Draw a rectangle around each element on a screen, including captions, controls, headings, data, title, and soon.         Count the number of elements and horizontal alignment points (the number of columns in which a field, inscribed by a rectangle, starts).			

	number of rows in which an element inseribed by a restangle			
	starts). Calculate number of bits required by horizontal (column)			
	alignment points and number of bits required by vertical (row)			
	alignment points by applying following formula for calculating			
	the measure of complexity			
	m m			
	$C = -N \sum_{p \mid \log_{p} p}$			
	C, complexity of the system in bits			
	N, total number of events (widths of neights)			
	m, number of event classes (number of unique widths or neights)			
	pn, probability of occurrence of the nth event class (based on the			
	frequency of events within that class)			
	Calculate overall complexity by adding the number bits required			
	by horizontalalignment points and vertical alignment points.			
5.	Design/Redesign web user interface based on Gestalt theories and			
	comment on the principle applied and justify. Also analyze one			
	image in which Gestalt principle is applied and comment.			
	Example: Take a look at old IBM logo:			
	Example: Take a look at old IBIVI logo:			
	You recognize the letters as an I, a B, and an M, no problem there.			
	You recognize the letters as an I, a B, and an M, no problem there. But they aren't letters at all; the whole thing is a compilation of			
	You recognize the letters as an I, a B, and an M, no problem there. But they aren't letters at all; the whole thing is a compilation of bright blue horizontal lines arranged to create the perception of a			
	You recognize the letters as an I, a B, and an M, no problem there. But they aren't letters at all; the whole thing is a compilation of bright blue horizontal lines arranged to create the perception of a set of letters. Gestalt Property used here is Closure			
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	You recognize the letters as an I, a B, and an M, no problem there. But they aren't letters at all; the whole thing is a compilation of bright blue horizontal lines arranged to create the perception of a set of letters. Gestalt Property used here is Closure. Closure means that we "close" objects that are themselves not complete; not only completing the figure in our perception, but perceiving			
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	You recognize the letters as an I, a B, and an M, no problem there. But they aren't letters at all; the whole thing is a compilation of bright blue horizontal lines arranged to create the perception of a set of letters. Gestalt Property used here is Closure. Closure means that we "close" objects that are themselves not complete; not only completing the figure in our perception, but perceiving the figure as having an extra element of aesthetic design; we look for a simple, recognizable pattern.			
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7.	Implement different Kinds of Windows such as message boxes.	
	palette Windows Pop-up Windows primary window secondary	
	window dialog hoves message hov etc. For every window	
	designed for the application explain:	
	Durpose	
	- ruipose	
	Description	
	Components	
	Kind window	
8.	Identify separate lines of business, e.g., medical, greeting cards,	
	law etc. Design an application using proper guidelines for icons.	
	Comment on design of icons and their relevance in the system.	
	Icon design is an important process. Meaningful and recognizable	
	icons will speed learning and recall and yield a much more	
	effective system. Poor design will lead to errors, delays, and	
	confusion. Looks different from all other icons.	
	Is obvious what it does or represents - Is recognizable when no	
	larger than 16 nixelssquare	
	Looks as good in black and white as in color Icon Size Supply in	
	all standardoizes	
	$10 \times 10$ pixels.	
	16- and 256-color versions $52 \times 52$ pixels	
	16- and 256-color versions $48 \times 48$ pixels	
	16- and 256-colorversions.	
	Use colors from the systempalette.	
	Use an odd number of pixels along eachside.	
	Provides center pixel around which to focus design.	
	Minimum sizes for easyselection:	
	-With stylus or pen: 15 pixels square.	
	With mouse: 20 pixelssquare.	
	With finger: 40 pixels square Provide as large a hot zone as	
	possible. ChoosingImages	
	Use existing icons when available.	
	Use images for nouns, notverbs	
	Use traditionalimages	
	Consider user cultural and social norms	
	consider user cultural and social norms.	
	The Design Process of Icons	
	Define nurnose:	
	To bagin the design process first define the icon's number and	
	I begin the design process, first define the room's purpose and	
	use. nave the design team brainsform about possible ideas,	
	considering real-world metaphors.	
	Collect, evaluate, and sketch ideas:	
	Start by designing on paper, not on the computer. Ask everyone to	

sketch his or her ideas.	
Draw in black and white: Many icons will be displayed in	
monochrome. Color is an enhancing property; consider it assuch.	
Test for expectation, recognition, and learning. Choosing the	
objects and actions, and the icons to represent them, is not a	
precise process, and will not be easy. So, as in any screen design	
activity, adequate testing and possible refinement of developed	
images must be built into the design process. Icon recognition and	
learning should both be measured as part of the normal testing	
process.	
Test forlegibility.	
Verify the legibility and clarity of the icons in general. Also,	
verify the legibility of the icons on the screen backgrounds	
chosen. White or gray backgrounds may create difficulties. An	
icon mapped in color, then displayed on a monochrome screen,	
may not present itself satisfactorily. Be prepared to redraw it in	
black and white, ifnecessary.	
Register new icons in the system'sregistry.	
Create and maintain a registry of all system icons. Provide a	
detailed and distinctive description of all new icons.	

Course/ Paper Title	Soft Computing
Course Code	21SMCS124C
Semester	II
No. of Credits	02

Sr. No.	Objectives
1.	To introduce the ideas of soft computational techniques based on human experience.
2.	To generate an ability to design, analyze and perform experiments on real life problems using various Neural Learning Algorithms.
3.	To conceptualize fuzzy logic and its implementation for various real

	world applications.
4.	To apply the process of approximate reasoning using Neuro-Fuzzy
	Modeling.
5.	To provide the mathematical background to carry out optimization
	using genetic algorithms.

## Expected Course Specific Learning Outcomes

Sr.		
No.	Learning Outcome	
1.	Students will able to design experiments on real life problems using	
	Neural Learning Algorithm	
2.	Students will able to analyze experiments on real life problems using	
	Neural Learning Algorithm	
3.	Students will able to perform experiments on real life problems	
	using Neural Learning Algorithm	

Unit No.	Title with Contents		o. of ectures
Unit I	Introduction to Soft Computing		02
	<ol> <li>Neural Netwo i.Definition ii. Advantage iii. Applicatio iv. Scope.</li> <li>Fuzzy logic: i.Definition ii. Applicatio</li> <li>Genetic Algo i.Definition ii.Application</li> </ol>	orks: es ons ons. orithms: ns.	01 01
Unit II	Neural Network		15
	1. Fundamental i.Artificial Ne ii. Biological	Concept: eural Network Neural Network,	01

	2. Brain vs. Computer i. Comparison Between I	Biological Neuron and	
	Artificial Neuron (Brain ii. Artificial Neuro	vs. Computer)	
	3. Neural Networks and i.Neuron Abstraction	d Architectures:	
	ii. Neuron Single Functi iii. Mathematical Prelin	ons 02 ninaries	
	4. Neural Networks Define i. Feed forward and F ii. Salient Properties of I	d,Architectures: 02 eedback 02 Neural Networks	
	5. Geometry of Binary Th Their Networks:	reshold Neurons and	
	i.Pattern Recognition Classification	and Data 04	
	ii. Convex Sets iii. Convex Hulls and Li iv. Space of Boolean Fu	near Separability nctions	
	v. Binary Neurons are P vi.Non-linearly Separabl vii. Capacity of a Simple	attern Dichotomizers e Problems e Threshold Logic	
	viii.Neuron Revisiting ix.the XOR Probl	em	
	x. Multilayer Networks xi. How Many Hidden	Nodes are enough?	
	6. Learning and Memory: i.An Anecodatal Introdu	otion 05	
	ii. Long Term Memory iii. The Behavioral App	roach to Learning	
	iv. The Molecular Proble y Learning Algorithm	em of Memory	
	vi. Error Correction and	Gradient	
	vii. Learning Objective	for TLNs	
	x. Linear Seperabilty	eight Space	
	xi. Hebb Network xii.Perceptron Network	ro Looming	
Unit III	Fuzzy Set Theory	<b>09</b>	
	1. Brief Review of Convention	al Set Theory	
	2. Introduction to Fuzzy Sets	01	
	3. Properties of Fuzzy Sets		

	4. Operations on Fuzzy Sets	01
	5. Crisp Relation	
	6. Fuzzy Relation	01
	7. Tolerance and equivalence relation	
	8. Fuzzy Tolerance and equivalence relation	01
	9. Fuzzy Max-Min and Max-Product Composition	
	Membership Functions	01
	10. Fuzzification, Defuzzification to crisp sets	
	11. $\lambda$ -Cuts for fuzzy Relations	01
	12. Fuzzy (Ruled-Based) system	01
	13. Graphical technique of inference	01
	14. Membership value assignment-Intuition	01
	15. Inference.	
Unit IV	Genetic Algorithms	04
Unit IV	Genetic Algorithms1. What are Genetic Algorithms?	04
Unit IV	Genetic Algorithms1. What are Genetic Algorithms?2. Why Genetic Algorithms?	04
Unit IV	Genetic Algorithms1. What are Genetic Algorithms?2. Why Genetic Algorithms?3. Traditional Optimization and Search Techniques	04
Unit IV	Genetic Algorithms         1. What are Genetic Algorithms?         2. Why Genetic Algorithms?         3. Traditional Optimization and Search Techniques         4. Simple GA	04 01 01
Unit IV	Genetic Algorithms1. What are Genetic Algorithms?2. Why Genetic Algorithms?3. Traditional Optimization and Search Techniques4. Simple GA5. Terminologies and Operators in GA	04 01 01
Unit IV	Genetic Algorithms         1. What are Genetic Algorithms?         2. Why Genetic Algorithms?         3. Traditional Optimization and Search Techniques         4. Simple GA         5. Terminologies and Operators in GA         i. Encoding	04 01 01 02
Unit IV	Genetic Algorithms         1. What are Genetic Algorithms?         2. Why Genetic Algorithms?         3. Traditional Optimization and Search Techniques         4. Simple GA         5. Terminologies and Operators in GA         i. Encoding         ii.Selection	04 01 01 02
Unit IV	Genetic Algorithms1. What are Genetic Algorithms?2. Why Genetic Algorithms?3. Traditional Optimization and Search Techniques4. Simple GA5. Terminologies and Operators in GAi. Encodingii.Selectioniii.Crossover	04 01 01 02
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Unit IV	Genetic Algorithms1. What are Genetic Algorithms?2. Why Genetic Algorithms?3. Traditional Optimization and Search Techniques4. Simple GA5. Terminologies and Operators in GAi. Encodingii.Selectioniii.Crossoveriv.Mutationv.Searchvi.Termination	04 01 01 02

#### **References:**

- 1. Fuzzy Logic With Engineering Applications, Timothy Ross, Wiley Publication
- 2. Introduction to Soft Computing, Deepa & Shivanandan, Wiley Publication
- **3.** Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization and Machine Learning, David E. Goldberg, Pearson Education
- **4.** Fundamentals of Neural Networks Architectures, Algorithms, And Applications, Laurene Fausett, Pearson Education
- 5. Neural Networks, Satish Kumar, Tata McGrawHill

Course/ Paper Title	Soft Computing Practical
Course Code	21SMCS125C
Semester	II
No. of Credits	02

#### Aims & Objectives of the Course

Sr.	Objectives
No.	
1.	To implement Fuzzy operations using any Technology
2.	To generate an ability to design, analyze and perform experiments on real life problems using various Neural Learning Algorithms.
3.	To Build simple Artificial Neural Network

Sr.	Leomine Outcome	
No.	Learning Outcome	
1.	Students will able to implement Fuzzy operations.	
2.	Students will able to analyze experiments on real life problems using Neural Learning Algorithm	
3.	Students will able to perform experiments on real life problems using Neural Learning Algorithm.	

Unit	Title with Contents	No. of
No.		Practical Sessions
UNIT I	Write a program to implement Fuzzy OperationsUnionIntersectionComplementAlgebraic sumAlgebraic productCartesian productWrite a program to implement De Morgans law.Write a program to implement Max-Min Compositionand Max-Product Composition.	15
	Write a program to implement lambda cut         Write a program to implement Activation Function.         Write a program to implement Perceptron Learning Rule	
	Write a program to implement Hebb's Rule         Write a program to implement Feed Forward Network	
	Write a program for building an Artificial NeuralNetwork by implementing the Back propagationAlgorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.Write a program for solving linearly separable problemusing Perceptron Model.Write a program to develop supervised learning	
	write a program to develop supervised learning algorithm         Write a program to study and analyze genetic life cycle	

Course/ Paper Title	Practical on Advanced OS &Programming with DOT NET
Course Code	21SMCS126
Semester	II
No. of Credits	04

Sr.	Objectives
No.	
1.	To get familiar with the Shell commands on LINUX in AOS.
2.	To get the knowledge of file handling using LINUX commands.
3.	To familiar with the functions and Framework of DOT NET Technology.
4.	To build a simple application using DOT NET Framework

Sr. No.	Learning Outcome
1.	Student will be familiar with the Shell commands on LINUX using
	AOS.
2.	Student will get the knowledge of file handling using LINUX

	commands.
3.	Student can build a simple application using DOT NET Framework

Unit	Title with Contents	No. of
No.	The with Contents	Sessions
	LIST OF AOS PROGRAMS	15
	To create 'n' children. When the children will terminate, display total cumulative time children spent in user and kernel mode.	
	To generate parent process to write unnamed pipe and will read from it.	
	To create a file with hole in it.	
	Takes multiple files as Command Line Arguments and print their inode number.	
UNIT I	To handle the two-way communication between parent and child using pipe.	
	Print the type of file where file name accepted through Command Line.	
	To demonstrate the use of at exit () function.	
	Open a file goes to sleep for 15 seconds before terminating.	
	To print the size of thefile.	

Read the current directory and display the name of the files, no of files in currentdirectory.	
Write a C program to implement the following unix/linux command (use fork, pipe and exec system call) ls -l   wc -l	
Write a C program to display all the files from current directory which are created in particular month	
Write a C program to display all the files from current directory whose size is greater that n Bytes Where n is accept fromuser.	
Write a C program to implement the following unix/linux command ls –l > output.txt	
Write a C program which display the information of a given file similar to given by the unix /linux command	
ls –l <filename></filename>	
Write a C program that behaves like a shell (command interpreter). It has its own prompt say "NewShell\$". Any normal shell command is executed from your shell by starting a child process to execute the system program corresponding to the command. It should additionally interpret the followingcommand. count c <filename> - print number of characters in file</filename>	
count w <filename> - print number of words in file count l <filename> - print number of lines in file</filename></filename>	
<ul> <li>Write a C program that behaves like a shell (command interpreter). It has its own prompt say "NewShell\$". Any normal shell command is executed from your shell by starting a child process to execute the system program corresponding to the command. It should additionally interpret the following command. <ol> <li>i. list f<dirname> - print name of all files in directory</dirname></li> <li>ii. list n <dirname> - print number of all entries</dirname></li> <li>iii. list i<dirname> - print name and inode of all files</dirname></li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
Write a C program that behaves like a shell (command interpreter). It has its own prompt say "NewShell\$". Any normal shell command is executed from your shell by	

<ul> <li>starting a child process to execute the system program corresponding to the command. It should additionally interpret the following command.</li> <li>i. typeline +10 <filename> - print first 10 lines of file</filename></li> <li>ii. typeline -20 <filename> - print last 20 lines of file</filename></li> <li>iii. typeline a <filename> - print all lines of file</filename></li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Write a C program that behaves like a shell (command interpreter). It has its own prompt say "NewShell\$". Any normal shell command is executed from your shell by starting a child process to execute the system program corresponding to the command. It should additionally interpret the following command. <ul> <li>i. search f <pattern><filename> - search first occurrence of pattern in filename</filename></pattern></li> <li>ii. search c <pattern><filename> - count no. of occurrences of pattern in filename</filename></pattern></li> <li>iii. search a <pattern><filename> - search all occurrences of pattern in filename</filename></pattern></li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Write a C program which receives file names as command line arguments and display those filenames in ascending order according to their sizes.</li> <li>i) (e.g \$ a.out a.txt b.txt c.txt,)</li> </ul>	
Write a C program which creates a child process which catches a signal sighup, sigint and sigquit. The Parent process send a sighup or sigint signal after every 3 seconds, at the end of 30 second parent send sigquit signal to child and child terminates my displaying message "My DADDY has Killed me!!!".	
Write a C program to implement the following unix/linux command (use fork, pipe and exec system call). Your program should block the signal Ctrl-C and Ctrl- $\$ signal during the execution. ls $-l \mid wc-l$	
Write a C Program that demonstrates redirection of standard output to a file.Write a program that illustrates how to execute two commands concurrently with a pipe.	

	Write a C program that illustrates suspending	
	and resuming processes using signals.	
	Write a C program that illustrates inter process	
	communication using shared memory.	
	Programming with DOT NET	
		15
	Write a program to work with String Builder	
	• Create a string Assign it with large string value	
	consisting of no of words	
	• Access the string character by character and print	
	• Access the string word by word and print	
	• Find a pattern in the string such as "AB" and replace it	
	with some other string	
UNIT I	Write a program to implement Custom Exception. Create	
	Invalid Student Name Exception class in a school	
	application, which does not allow any special character	
	or numeric value in a name of any of the students. Use	
	Reg ex("^[a-z A-Z]+\$") to check Student Name	
	Write a form based program offering binary calculator	
	having following functionality	
	<ul> <li>Add, multiply, subtract, divide</li> <li>Left shift, right shift</li> </ul>	
	Write a program which implements following	
	classes Write a class Earth (Producer), which	
	exposes static event Earth Quake	
	Implement classes hospital, NGO who respond	
	to Earth Quake event	
	Execution:	
	• On Click of a button on Form, Earth Quake	
	event should be triggered.	
	• Message should be shown that NGO and	
	Hospital have responded to it	
	To implement reflection do following a. Implement a	
	class library as follows.	
	• Car class - 2 methods, 2 member variables	
	Write an application (Console based)	
	• Load Class library using reflection	
	• Iterate class – types, display type detail	
	Create base class Customer and subclasses	
	Silver Customer and Gold Customer	
	• Define discount() method in Customer class which	
	returns 20% discount Overload discount method in	
	the subclasses and return different discount value	
	Define base class variable as "Customer cust" Assign	
	different objects of Customer, Silver Customer and	
	Gold	

Customer to variable cust one after other and invoke discount method each time. What is the discount % returned each time?	
Design a form which offers User Registration Form On Click of OK, registered user data should get saved in XML	
Write a program to create a magic square using Win Forms? Accept square dimension from user.	dows
Implement a Simple Editor which has following fea • Menu : File, New, Save, Print Preview, Print • Toolbar: Formatting for Bold, Italic, Underline	tures